SEIKO

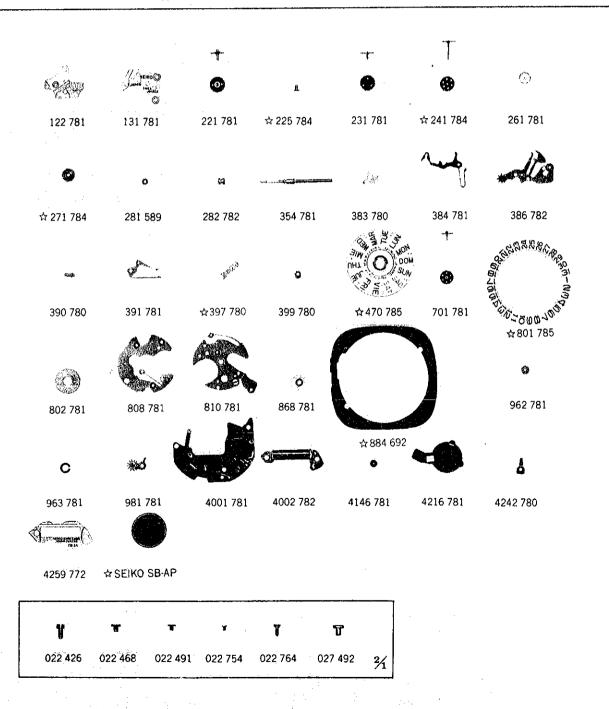
QUARTZ

Cal. 7813A

Cal. 7813A







Cal. 7813A

Characteristics

Casing diameter:

 ϕ 23.3 mm

Maximum height:

3.5 mm without battery

Jewels:

5 į

Frequency of quartz crystal oscillator: 32,768 Hz (Hz=Hertz..... Cycles per second)

Driving system : Step motor system (2 poles)

Regulation system: Trimmer condenser

Second setting device Calendar (day & date)

Instant setting device for day & date calendar

Bilingual change-over system for day of the week

Battery life indicator: Second hand moves in two-second interval

		1	
PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NO.	PART NAME
122 781	Center wheel bridge	022 491	Date jumper screw A
131 781	Third wheel bridge	022 491	Day finger screw
221 781	Center wheel & pinion	022754	Date jumper screw B
☆225 784	Cannon pinion (2.47 mm)	022754	Date dial guard screw
☆225 788	Cannon pinion (2.72 mm)	022 764	Dial screw
231 781	Third wheel & pinion	027 492	Pin for plus terminal of battery
☆241 784	Fourth wheel & pinion (5.16 mm)	li l	connection
☆241 788	Fourth wheel & pinion (5.41 mm)	011 324	Upper hole jewel for fifth wheel
261 781	Minute wheel	011 324	Lower hole jewel for fifth wheel
☆271 784	Hour wheel (1.88 mm)	011 404	Upper hole jewel for fourth wheel
☆271 788	Hour wheel (2.13mm)	011 537	Upper hole jewel for step rotor
281 589	Setting wheel	011 537	Lower hole jewel for step rotor
282 782	Clutch wheel	☆SEIKO SB-AP	Silver oxide battery
354 781	Winding stem	☆ Maxell SR926SW 5	Girls, Sings Saite,
383 780	Setting lever		
384 781	Yoke (Clutch lever)		
386 782	Setting lever spring		
390 780	Setting lever axle		
391 781	Second-setting lever		
☆397 780		1	
☆397 781 }	Lever for unlocking stem	-	
☆397 782			
399 780	Casing clamp		
☆470 785	Day star with dial disk		
701 781	Fifth wheel & pinion		
☆801 785	Date dial		
802 781	Date driving wheel		
808 781	Date dial guard		
810 781	Date jumper		
868 781	Day finger		
☆884 692	Holding ring for dial Intermediate wheel for calendar		
962 781	correction		
963 781	Snap for day star with dial disk		
981 781	Day-date corrector wheel rocker		
4001 781	Circuit block		
4002 782	Coil block		
4146 781	Step rotor		
4216 781	Insulator for battery connection		
4242 780	Plus terminal of battery connection		
4259 772	Anti-magnetic shield plate		
022 426	Casing clamp screw		
022 468	Center wheel bridge screw		
022 468	Third wheel bridge screw	11	
022 468	Anti-magnetic shield plate screw		
022 468	Circuit block screw		
022 491	Setting lever spring screw		

Cal. 7813A

Remarks:

Camnon pinion, Fourth wheel & pinion, Hour wheel

There are two different types as specified below. Combination:

Туре	Cannon pinion	Fourth wheel & pinion	Hour wheel
	☆225 784	☆241 784	☆271 784
	± 225 788	÷241.788	÷271 788

Type a: Used for the dial which does not have the rimmed calendr frame.

Type b: Used for the dial which has the rimmed calendar frame.

Lever for unlocking stem

☆397 780

There are three types of lever for unlocking stem.

☆397 781 ☆397 782 J The size of a lever for unlocking stem is determined based on the design of cases.







☆397 781 ☆397 782 **☆397 780**

If the combination of the lever for unlocking stem and case is unknown, check the case number and refer to the "SEIKO Quartz Casing Parts List" to choose an appropriate lever for unlocking stem.

Day star with dial disk

\$470 785(English ←→ Spanish, black figures on white background)·······Used when both the crown and the calendar frame are located at 3 o'clock position.

If any other type of day star with dial disk is required, specify the number printed on the disk.

Date dial

frame are located at 3 o'clock position.

If any other type of date dial is required, specify ① Cal. No. ② the crown position ③ the calendar frame position and 4 the dial No.

Holding ring for dial

 $$\pm 884$$ 692.....The type of holding ring for dial is determined based on the design of cases and dials. Check the case number and refer to "SEIKO Quartz Casing Parts List" to choose a corresponding holding ring for dial.

Battery

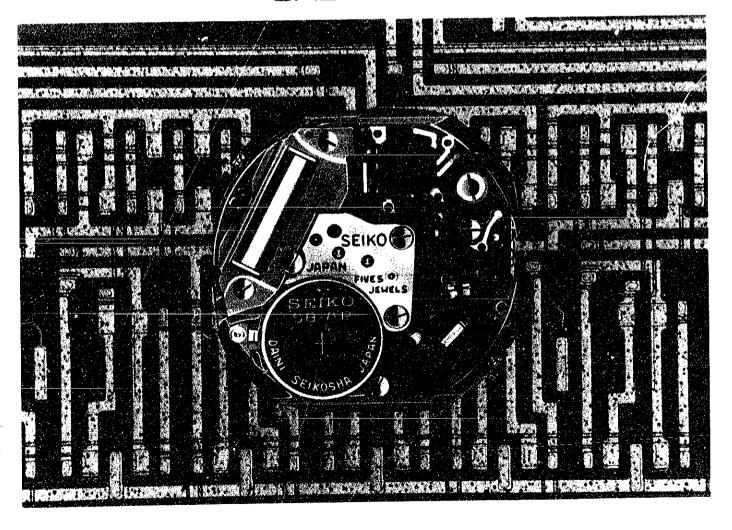
☆ SEIKO SB-AP

The applied battery for this calibre might be added the substitutive in the future. ☆ Maxell SR926SW In that case, please refer to separate "BATTERIES FOR SEIKO QUARTZ WATCHES".

TECHNICAL GUIDE

SEIKO QUARTZ

CAL.7813A



CONTENTS

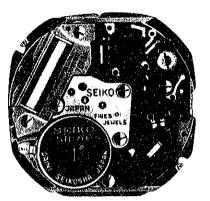
l.	SPECIFICATIONS AND FEATURES	2
	1. Specifications	2
	2. Features	2
11.	FUNCTIONING	3
	1. Movement structure	3
	2. Outline of functioning	4
	3. Functioning of electronic circuit block	4
	4. Functioning of mechanical portion	6
Ш.	HOM TO SEL THE THAT WAS OWEENDYLL THE	8
	1. Resetting time	8
	2. Resetting calendar	8
IV.	CASE CONSTRUCTION	9
	1. Case construction	9
	2. Remarks for handling the case	10
	3. Battery replacement	10
٧.	AFTER-SALE SERVICING INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS	11
VI.	DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING, LUBRICATING AND CLEANING	
	1. Disassembling, Reassembling and Lubricating	12
	2. Cleaning	

'11.	СН	IECKI	NG AND ADJUSTMENT	19
	1.	Guide	e table for checking and adjustment	19
	2.	Proce	edures for checking and adjustment	20
		A:	Check output signal	20
		B:	Check battery voltage	20
		•	How to check battery electrolyte leakage and repair	20
		C:	Check battery conductivity	22
		D:	Check circuit block conductivity	22
		E:	Check circuit block output terminal conductivity	22
		F:	Check coil block	24
		G:	Check output signal	
		и. Н:	Check second setting condition	
		1:	Check reset condition	
		յ. J:	Check accuracy	
		К:	Measuring current consumption	

Calibre 7813A

SEIKO Quartz Calibre 7813A





Movement

•

I. SPECIFICATIONS AND FEATURES

1. Specifications

Item	Calibre No. 7813A		
Time indication	Hour, minute & second hands		
Additional mechanism	Calendar (day & date)		
	Bilingual changeover system for the day of the week		
	 Instant day and date setting 		
	Battery life indicator		
	 Second setting device (Stops at every second) 		
	Electronic circuit reset switch		
Crystal oscillator	32,768 Hz (Hz = Hertz Cycles per second)		
Loss/gain	Loss/gain at normal temperature		
	Monthly rate: less than 15 seconds		
	(Annual rate: less than 3 minutes)		
	Temperature compensation device		
Casing diameter	ϕ 23.3mm (ϕ 21.2mm between 6 o'clock and 12 o'clock)		
Height	3.5 mm		
Operational temperature range	-10° C $\sim +60^{\circ}$ C (14° F $\sim 140^{\circ}$ F)		
Driving system	Step motor system (2 poles)		
Regulation system	Trimmer condenser		
Battery power	Silver oxide battery SB-AP		
• •	Battery life is approximately 2 years.		
	Voltage 1.5 V		
Jewels	5 jewels		

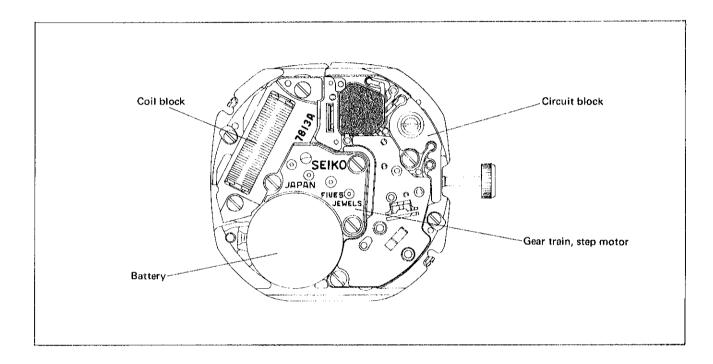
2. Features

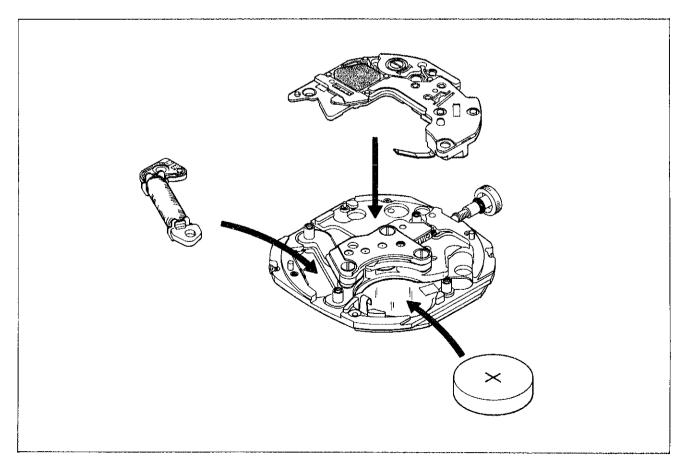
- (1) The ultra-thin movement of Cals. 78A and 7810A which is thinner than 3 mm in height is the result of SEIKO's endless effort to achieve even thinner watches than the Cal. 41 series which already has a reputation for its thinness. In addition, Cal. 7813A is a very practical watch for everyday use since it has been designed to show day & date.
- (2) Battery life indicator lets the second hand leap every 2 seconds when the battery life is coming to an end. This indicates the battery must be replaced. However, the watch keeps the correct time while the second hand leaps every 2 seconds.

II. FUNCTIONING

1. Movement structure

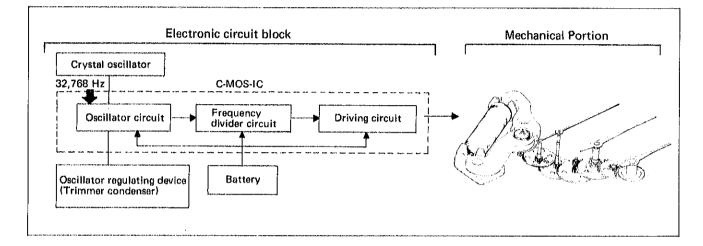
The movement consists of the circuit block, coil block, battery and the mechanical portion, of which the main components are a step motor and a gear train. Since each portion is a separate unit, easy checking and adjustment is possible.





2. Outline of functioning

- (1) The quartz crystal oscillator, built in the crystal unit, oscillates accurately at 32,768 Hz.
- (2) The circuit unit receives the 32,768 Hz oscillations (electronic signals) and converts them into impulses at the rate of one per second, i.e. 1/2, 1/2, . . .
- (3) The one-per-second signals are transmitted to the coil block, causing the step motor to momentarily rotate once every second in 180° increments.
- (4) This rotation is transmitted to the gear train thus moving the hands.



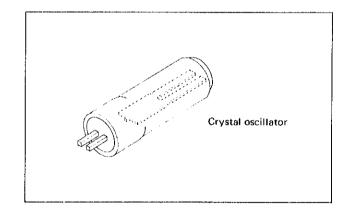
3. Functioning electronic circuit block

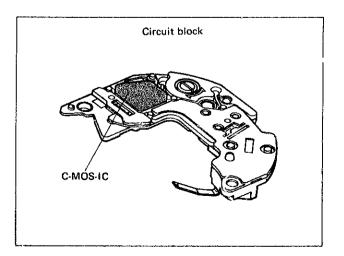
(1) Circuit block

- The quartz crystal oscillator, having been specially treated, is a tuning fork shaped oscillator that is ultrasmall and by far thinner than ordinary ones. In order to secure long stability and to protect against outside influences, the crystal oscillator is housed in a cylinder-type vacuum capsule. When voltage is supplied from the electronic circuit, the crystal oscillator makes stabilized oscillations exactly at 32,768 Hz.
- The C-MOS-IC consists of the oscillator circuit, frequency divider circuit and driving circuit, and is connected electrically with the other electronic parts by the lead terminal.

The oscillator circuit supplies voltage to the crystal oscillator to cause it to oscillate at 32,768 Hz and at the same time it takes out the oscillations in the form of an electrical signal.

The frequency divider circuit divides the 32,768 Hz electrical signal so that it finally obtains one signal per second, which is transmitted to the step motor through the driving circuit.





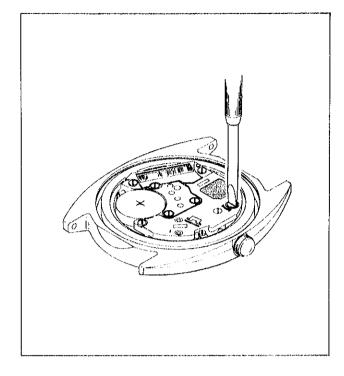
(2) Oscillator regulating device

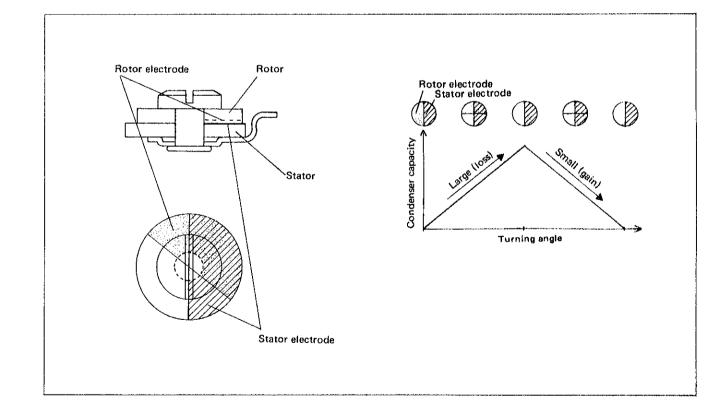
Adjustment of the oscillator of Cal. 7813A watch can be easily made by simply turning the trimmer condenser.

Function of the Trimmer Condenser
 The trimmer condenser consists of a rotor electrode and a stator electrode. Turning the shaft fixed to the rotor changes the overlapped area between the rotor electrode and stator electrode, which in turn changes the capacitance of the trimmer condenser. Turning

the capacitance of the trimmer condenser. Turning the trimmer condenser changes its capacitance as shown in the diagram. Time is adjusted by the magnitude of this change.

Checking accuracy cannot be made with conventional mechanical wristwatch testing equipment. It is necessary to use a QUARTZ TESTER.



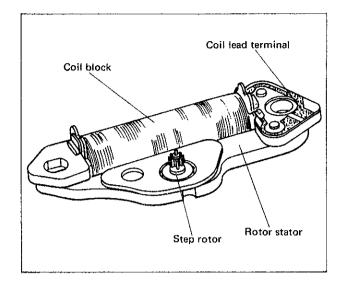


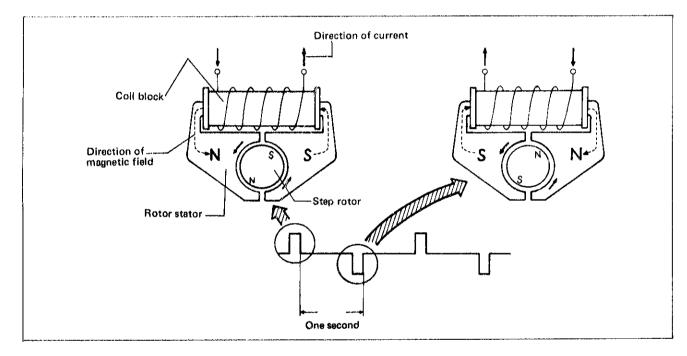
4. Functioning of mechanical portion

(1) Step motor

One of the features of these watches is the SEIKO step motor which changes the vibrations of the crystal oscillator into a rotating motion. The step motor consists of a coil block, a rotor stator and a step rotor. The rotor stator is made of materials having a high conductivity of magnetic force.

The step rotor is a circular-shaped permanent magnet having two alternately imposed N and S poles.





Operational sequence

(1) Current flows into the coil block

The current, of which the flow direction is changed once every second, is transmitted from the circuit block into the coll block.

(2) Rotor stators become magnets

When current flows in the coil block, the two rotor stators become magnets and the tip portions become, respectively, N and S poles.

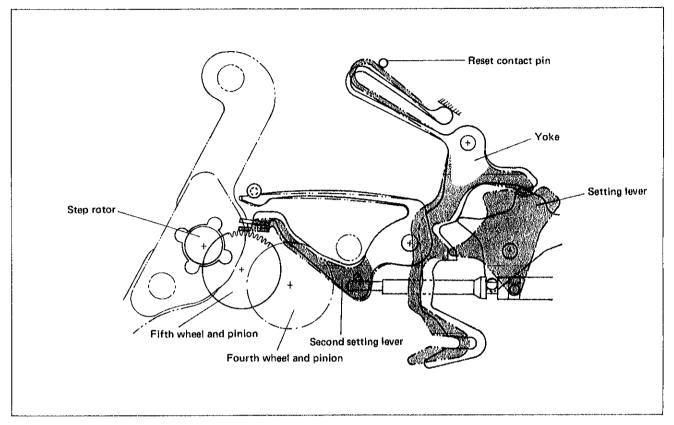
(3) Step rotor rotations

The N and S poles of the rotor stator tips and the N and S poles of the step rotor alternately repel and attract causing the step rotor to rotate in 180° increments in a constant direction once every second.

(4) Rotation of the second hand

Rotation of the step rotor is transmitted to the fifth wheel and pinion which gears with the pinion of the step rotor. The rotation of the fifth wheel and pinion is in turn transmitted to the fourth wheel and pinion which gears with the pinion of the fifth wheel. The rotation of the fourth wheel and pinion moves the second hand.

(2) Second setting and reset switch



Second setting device

When the crown is pulled out to the second click position, the second setting lever pin is disconnected from the tip of the winding stem and setting lever touches the fifth wheel. This stops the gear train from moving and the second hand stops at the desired second position.

Reset switch

When the crown is pulled out to the second click position, the second hand stops moving and at the same time the setting lever pushes the yoke. This in turn lets the spring portion of the yoke touch the reset contact pin and the reset switch is set in the ON position. When the reset switch is in the ON position, the output signal of the circuit block stops. However, the electric current is still flowing from the battery to the crystal oscillator and the electronic circuit, and the watch is ready to start.

III. HOW TO SET THE TIME AND CALENDAR

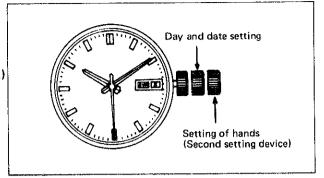
• Crown position

O Normal position: Free

O 1st click: Change of day and date

Date change . . . clockwise (turn away from you.) Day change ... counterclockwise (turn towards you.)

O 2nd click: Hand setting, reset switch and second setting



1. To set the hour

(1) Pull out the crown to the second click position

The second hand stops on one of the second markers.

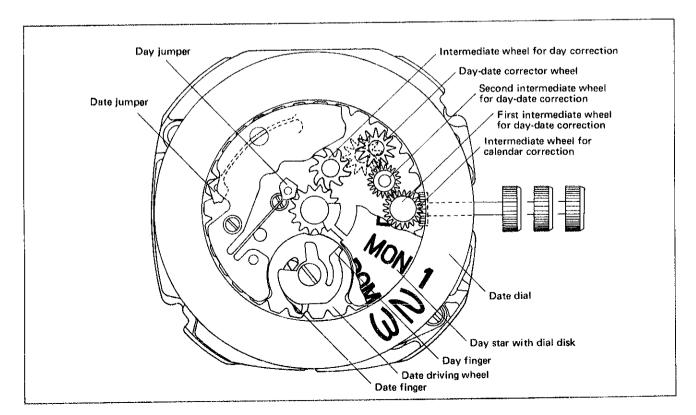
(2) Turn the crown and set the time of the hour hand and minute hand.

- First turn the hour hand past the 12 o'clock position to see if the date changes, then set the time correctly. (Allow for the AM & PM period so that the date will change at midnight.)
- As the torque of the gear train is transminted reversely, the time is set accurately by turning the hands between 5 to 10 minutes ahead and then turning it back to the desired time.
- (3) Push in the crown in accordance with a time signal, and the time can be set as accurately as to the second.

2. Resetting calendar

• Pull the crown out to the 1st click.

Select the desired language as two languages appear alternately when setting the day of the week. If the setting of the calendar is made when the hour hand is pointing to the time between 10:30 pm and 4:30 am, sometimes the calendar will not change to the next day. The setting must therefore be made before or after this time period.



IV. CASE CONSTRUCTION

1. Case construction

The case constructions of the Cal. 78 series are roughly classified into the following two types.

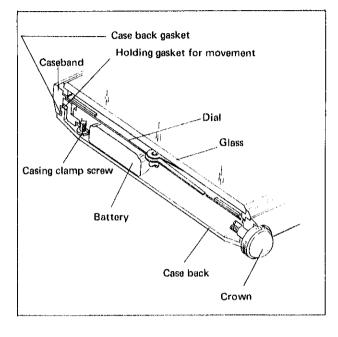
(1) Snap type

The glass adheres to the caseband. The case is a snap type. The movement is fixed in the case ring by the casing clamp screw. The case ring is fixed to the caseband by the case back with the holding gasket for movement.

> Starting model: 7800-8009

> > 7813-2009

7813-8019



(2) Square type

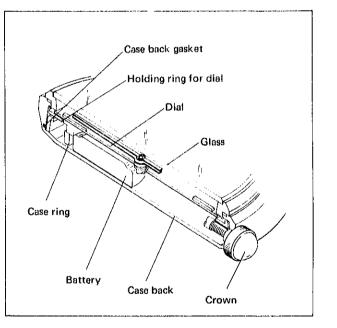
The glass adheres to the caseband. By matching and pressing the four protrusions of the case back into the four grooves of the caseband, the caseband and the case back are fixed.

The movement is fixed to the caseband with the case ring,

7800-5009 Starting model:

7810-5009

7810-5019

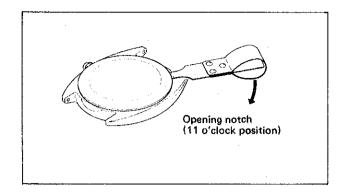


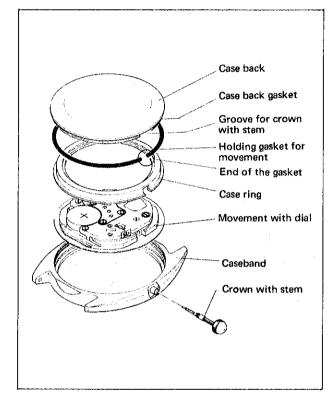
2. Remarks for handling the case

(1) Snap type

Remarks for disassembling

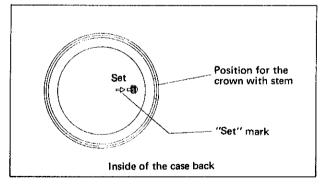
- Pry open the case back by using the case opener while supporting it by the case lug. (Be careful not to damage the case back gasket by
 - inserting the tip of the case opener too deep.)
- The holding gasket for movement is cut so that it does not prevent the crown with stem from being set in position. The holding gasket for movement should have the cut to hold the crown with stem.
- The case back gasket is set in the case back.
- Be sure that the crown with stem is in the completely pushed in position (in the second click position for Cal. 7813A) when it is disassembled.
- (The yoke and the setting lever overlap each other if the crown with stem is disassembled from the pulled out position.)





Remarks for reassembling

- Be sure that the groove of the case back is set to the proper position for the crown with stem when pushing the case back in position.
- (There is the positioning mark inside the case back.)
- Be sure to wipe filings off the case back gasket if there is any.



(2) Square type

The remarks for disassembling and reassembling are the same as those for the existing square type calibres.

3. Battery replacement

When the battery life nears its end, the second hand starts to move in two seconds interval instead of the normal one second interval.

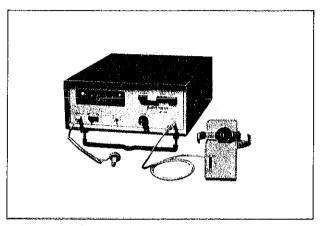
(The watch, however, remains accurate as the second hand moves two seconds at a time.) Be sure to replace the battery when the second hand starts to move in two second intervals.

V. AFTER-SALE SERVICING INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS

For repair servicing, the following SEIKO after-sale servicing instruments and materials are necessary. These instruments and materials are available at the technical services office of SEIKO.

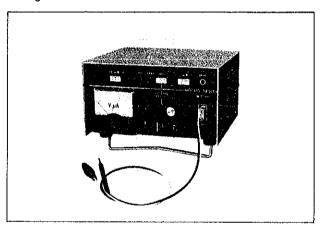
1. Quartz Tester

Used to check time accuracy (daily rates) and flow of current from circuit block.



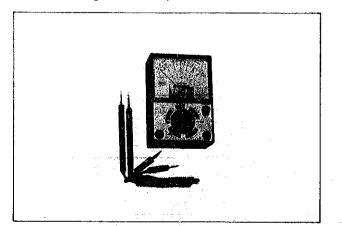
2. Micro Test MT-10II

Used to check current consumption and to give constant voltage.



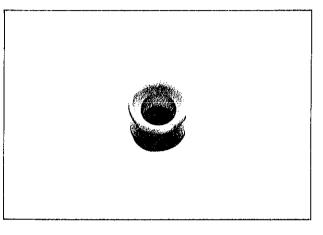
3. Volt-ohm-meter

Used for checking battery voltage, measuring resistance and conducting conductivity test.



4. Movement holder

Choose one of the movement holders of the 56 series in the movement holder unit S-680.



5. Others

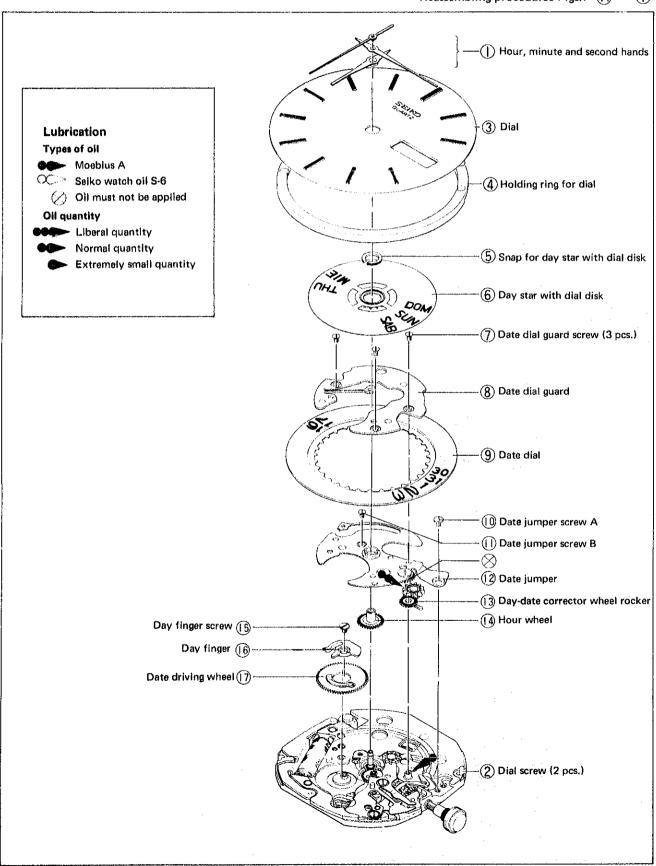
- (1) Anti-magnetic tweezers for handling step rotor.
- (2) Non-metallic tweezers for handling battery.

VI. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING, LUBRICATING AND CLEANING

1. Disassembling, Reassembling and Lubricating

(1) Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the calendar mechanism.

Disassembling procedures Figs.: (1) → (4)
Reassembling procedures Figs.: (4) → (1)



Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

(1) Hour, minute and second hands

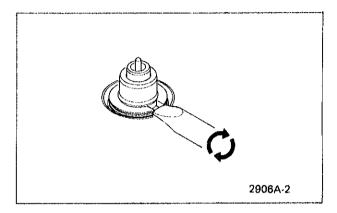
Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

- Pull out the crown to the second click position for disassembling and reassembling.
- Be sure to assemble the second hand exactly on the second mark.
 (Both odd and even second marks will do.)
- When reassembling, be careful that the hands do not touch each other as the watch is so thin that the clearance between the hands is less than that for ordinary type watches.

(5) Snap for day star with dial disk

Remarks for disassembling

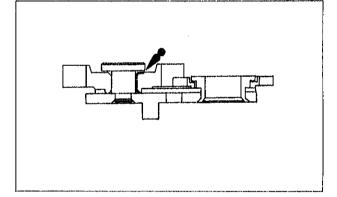
• Push the thin tip of a screw driver into the groove of the snap for day star with dial disk.



(3) Day-date corrector wheel rocker

Remarks for reassembling

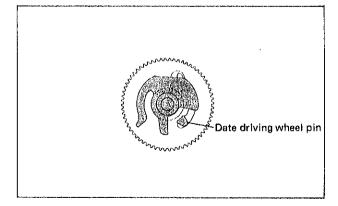
- Lubricate the day-date corrector wheel as shown in the illustration on the left.
- Pull out the crown to the first click position and reassemble.



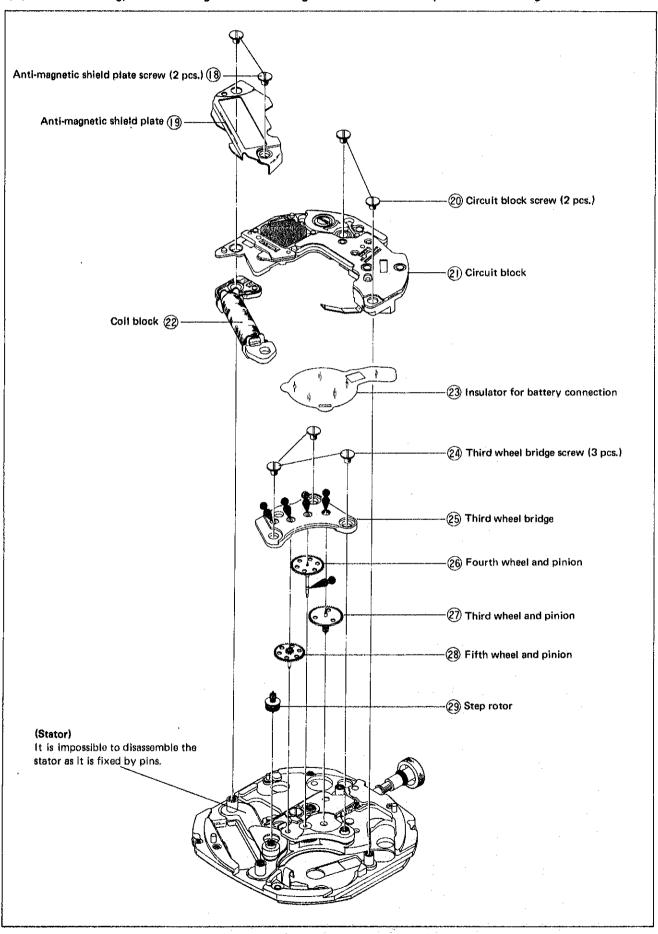
(16) Day finger

Remarks for reassembling

 Reassemble so that the date driving wheel pin is positioned as shown in the illustration on the left.

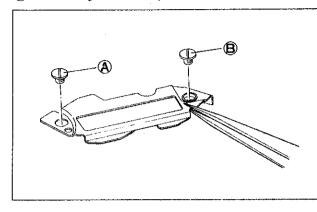


(2) Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the circuit block, coil block and gear train.



Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

(9) Anti-magnetic shield plate



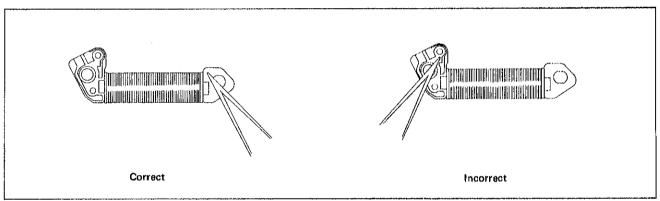
Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

- Disassemble by holding the portion with tweezers as shown in the illustration on the left.
- Be careful in handling as the anti-magnetic shield plate is easy to bend.
- Be sure to tighten the anti-magnetic shield plate screw
 A first and then B next.
- (If (B) is tightened first, it will be difficult to tighten (A) as (A) portion of the anti-magnetic shield plate lifts up.)

22 Coil block

Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

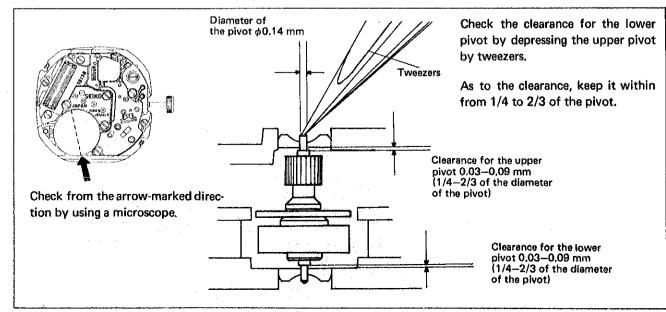
• Be careful not to damage the coil wire and the lead terminal. Handle them as shown in the illustration below.



29 Step rotor

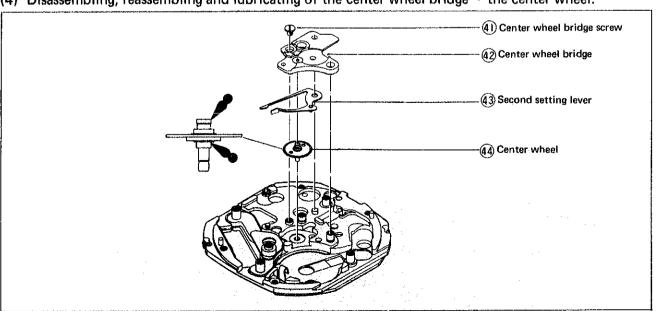
Remarks for reassembling

• Check the clearances for the upper and the lower pivots for the step rotor after reassembling the anti-magnetic shield plate.



(3) Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the setting mechanism. 30 Setting lever spring screw (2 pcs.) (31) Setting lever spring 32 Minute wheel (33) Setting wheel (34) Yoke 35 Setting lever 36 Setting lever axle Cannon pinion. 40 (38) Clutch wheel (39) Intermediate wheel for calendar correction (37) Winding stem

(4) Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the center wheel bridge ~ the center wheel.

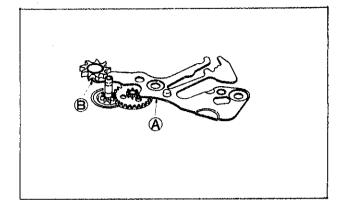


Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

3) Setting lever spring

Remarks for disassembling

• Pry up the arrow-marked portion (A) slightly and remove the arrow-marked pin (B) (positioned under the intermediate wheel for day correction). Then pry up the setting lever spring for disassembling by holding the portion (A).

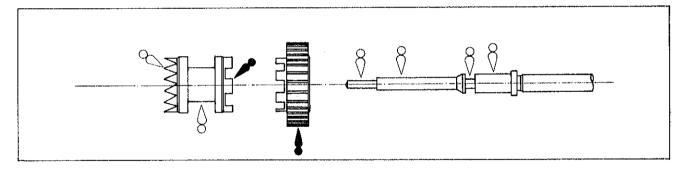


(37) Winding stem

- 38 Clutch wheel
- 39 Intermediate wheel for calendar correction

Remarks for reassembling

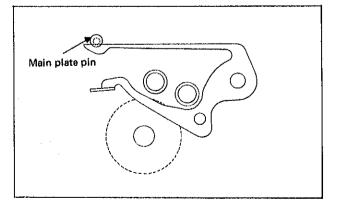
- Reassemble after reassembling the center wheel bridge.
 (It is difficult to reassemble the clutch wheel and the intermediate wheel for calendar correction if the center wheel bridge is not reassembled.)
- Refer to the illustration below for the direction of reassembling and the lubricating.



(43) Second setting lever

Remarks for reassembling

- Hook the spring portion to the main plate pin as shown in the illustration on the left.
- Be sure to pull out the winding stem all the way and then reassemble the second setting lever when the setting mechanism is already reassembled.



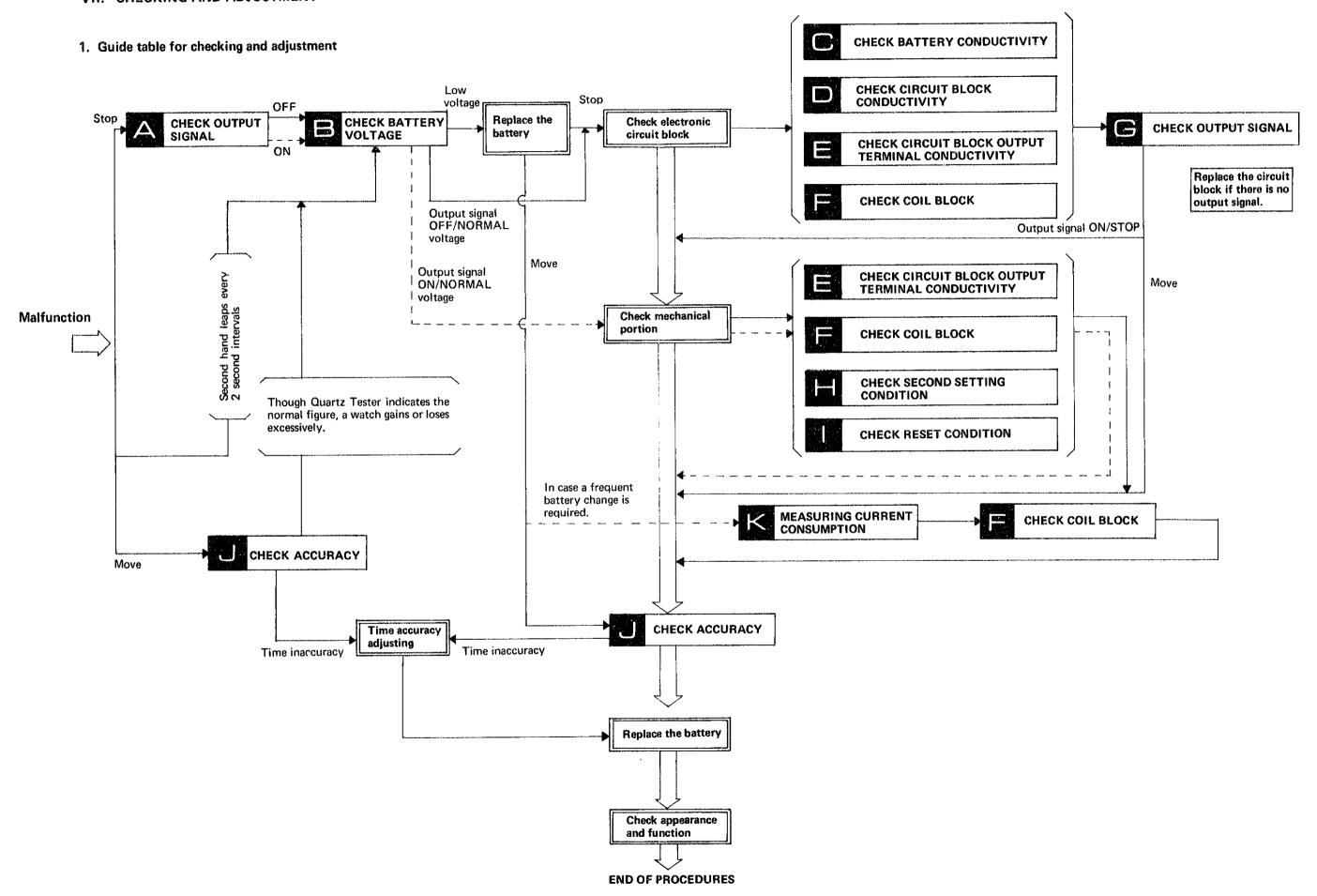
2. Cleaning

Since several special parts (electronic, etc.) used in the Cal. 7813A differ from conventional mechanical watches, use the following cleaning methods when cleaning.

HOW TO CLEAN

Name of parts	Cleaning	Drying	Solution	Remarks
(1) Circuit block Coll block	DO NOT CLEAN			 Conductive portion ONLY may be cleaned with a cloth moistened with benzine or alcohol. Dry in COOL air.
(2) Main plate Step rotor Plastic parts Day finger Date driving wheel Insulator for battery connection	Rinse or scrub with a soft brush	Cool air drying	Benzine, alcohol	 Be careful not to remove the parts fixed to the main plate. Use a clean solution as the step rotor is magnetized. Any foreign matter which cannot be removed by cleaning should be removed with rodico or adhesive tape. When cleaning with benzine, the cleaning time should be minimized.
(3) Others	Clean with the cleaner, rinse or gently scrub with a soft brush.	Cool or hot air drying	Benzine, trichloro- ethylene, alcohol	Be careful not to bend the anti-magnetic shield plate.

VII. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT



2. Procedures for checking and adjustment

