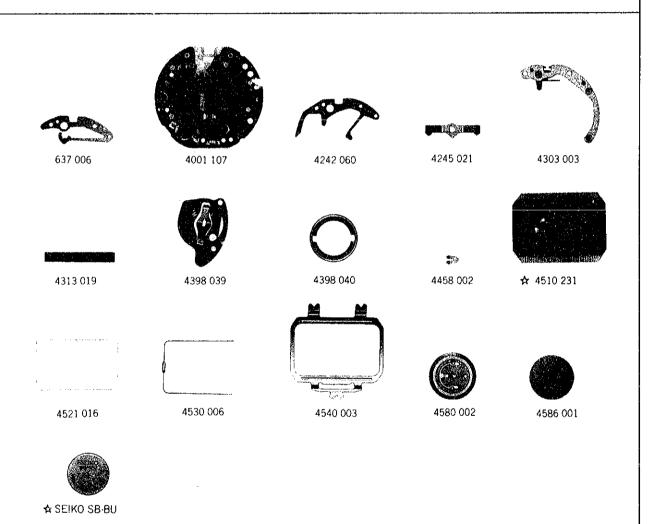
# SEIKO DIGITAL QUARTZ

Cal. A029A

## Cal. A029A







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013 281

## Cal. A029A

#### **Characteristics**

Casing diameter:

Ø 28.40 mm

Maximum height:

6.45 mm without battery

Frequency of quartz crystal oscillator: 32,768 Hz (Hz=Hertz..... Cycles per second)

Time functions: 24-hour Digital Display System showing hour, minute & second.

The dots blink once every second when date is indicated.

Alarm functions: Timer, Alarm, Automatic alarm & Time signal

Calendar functions: Date mark and date digits are displayed by simply depressing the front button.

Display medium : Single Crystal Display (Nematic Liquid Crystal, FE-Mode)

Time micro-adjustor: Trimmer condenser system

Illumination light for digital display panel: Illuminated in accordance with the button depressing.

Battery life indicator . . . . The entire display begins flashing.

PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NO.	PART NAME
637 006 4001 107 4242 060 6245 021 4303 003 4315 019 4398 039 4398 040 458 002 \$\pm\$4510 231 4521 016 4530 006 4540 003 4580 002 4586 001 012 455 013 281 \$\pm\$SEIKO SB-BU \$\pm\$Maxell \$\text{\$R}1130W}	Contact point spring lever Circuit block Plus terminal of battery connection Setting switch spring Switch block Connector Battery guard Speaker frame Battery guard holding lever Liquid crystal panel Reflecting mirror Bulb Spring for liquid crystal panel Speaker block Sound diaphragm Switch block screw Bulb pin  Silver oxide battery		

#### Remarks:

#### **☆ Battery**

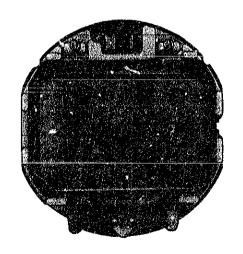
The applied battery for this calibre might be added the substitutive in the future. In that case, please refer to separate "BATTERIES FOR SEIKO QUARTZ WATCHES".

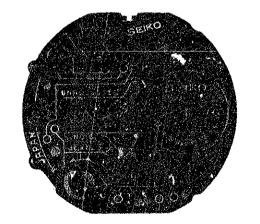
The type of a liquid crystal panel is determined based on the design of watches. Check the case number and refer to "SEIKO Quartz Casing Parts List" to choose a corresponding liquid crystal panel.

# CTECHNICAL GUIDE

# SEIKO DIGITAL QUARTZ

CAL.A029A





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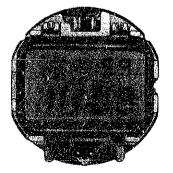
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# SEIKO TECHNICAL GUIDE CAL. A029A

## I. SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Calibre No. A029A		
Display medium	Nematic Liquid Crystal, FEM (Field Effect Mode)		
Display system	Time and calendar display  Hour, minute and second: 24-hour Digital Display System  Date: Automatic calendar system  (The automatic calendar system automatically adjusts even and odd months except February.)  * The date digits and the second digits can be selected as desired by depressing a button.  TIMER:		
	Hour, minute & second : 24-hour Digital Display System ALARM:		
	Hour & minute : 24-hour Digital Display System  AUTOMATIC ALARM:  Hour & minute : 24-hour Digital Display System		
Additional mechanism	Battery life indicator  Alarm (Crystal sound system)  Starts sounding at the required alarm time (Once for 10 seconds at a time.)  Starts sounding every hour on the hour (When both the minute digits and the second digits indicate "00". If the date digits are displayed, the alarm does not operate.)  Illuminating light  Alarm volume control device		
Crystal oscillator	32,768 Hz (Hz =Hertz Cycles per second)		
Loss/gain	Loss/gain at normal temperature range  Mean monthly rate: less than 10 seconds  (Annual rate: less than 2 minutes)		
Casing diameter	φ28.4mm (27.0mm between 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock sides)		
Height	6.4mm without battery		
Operational temperature range	$-10^{\circ}$ C $\sim +60^{\circ}$ C ( $14^{\circ}$ F $\sim 140^{\circ}$ F)		
Regulation system	Trimmer condenser		
Battery power	Silver oxide battery SEIKO SB-BU Maxell SR1130W Battery life is approximately two years. (If the light is used 5 times a day and the alarm is used three times a day.) Voltage: 1.5V		
IC (Integrated Circuit)	C-MOS-LSI 1 unit Bipolar - IC 1 unit		

## A029A





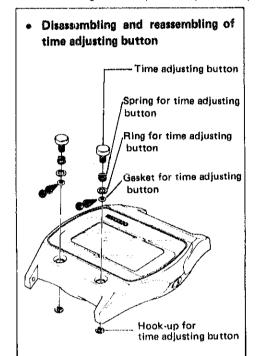
Module

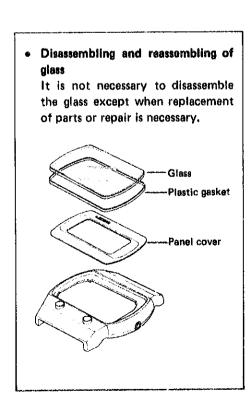
#### II. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING AND LUBRICATING OF THE CASE

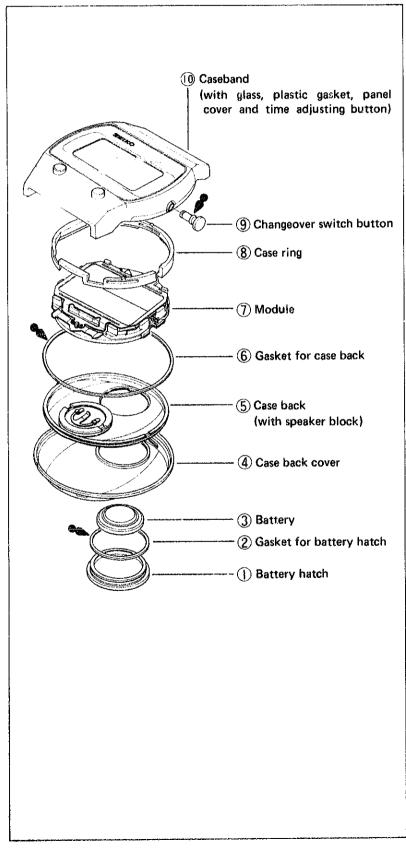
Disassembling procedures Figs. : Reassembling procedures Figs. :

Lubricating es:

Silicon grease 500,000 C.S., normal quantity







#### Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

#### (4) Case back cover

Note for reassembling

Reassemble in the following order.

- (1) Reassemble the battery hatch in the case back.
- (2) Reassemble the case back cover on the case back.
  - (The case back cover can be positioned correctly by the battery hatch.)

Speaker frame opener (S-832)

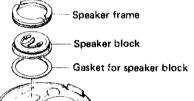
(3) Disassemble the battery hatch, reassemble the battery and then tighten the battery hatch for reassembling.

#### (5) Case back

 How to disassemble the speaker block It is not necessary to disassemble the speaker block except when replacement of parts or repair is necessary.

Use speaker frame opener (S-832) for the disassembling of the speaker frame.

- How to disassemble the sound diaphragm of the speaker block
  - Do not disassemble the sound diaphragm of the speaker block except when replacement of the sound diaphragm is necessary,



#### (6) Gasket for case back

Note for reassembling

Reassemble the case back in the caseband after setting the gasket for case back on the case back.

Be careful not to mistake the upper side of the gasket for case back for the lower side.

#### (8) Case ring

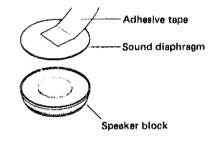
Note for reassembling

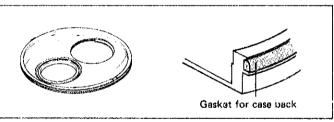
Reassemble the case ring in the caseband after setting the case ring in the module.

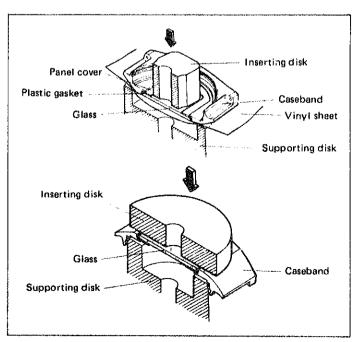
#### (II) Caseband

How to replace the glass

- How to disassemble the glass Push the glass for disassembling by using the inserting disk S-161.
- How to reassemble the glass Be sure to replace the plastic gasket with a new one. Push the glass for reassembling by using the inserting disk S-173.





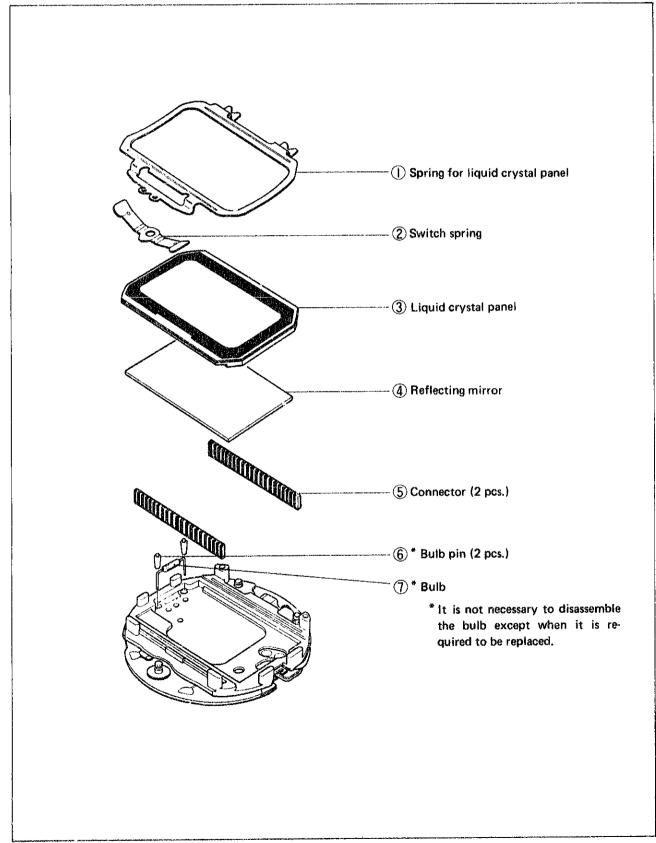


#### III. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING AND LUBRICATING OF THE MODULE

Disassembling procedures Figs.: (14)~(1)

Lubricating 🌣: SEIKO Watch Oil S-6, normal quantity

#### 1. Liquid crystal panel side

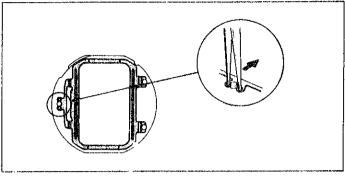


#### Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

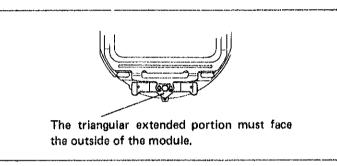
#### (I) Spring for liquid crystal panel

Note for disassembling

Insert the tips of the tweezers into the two holes of the spring for liquid crystal panel and pry it up in the arrow-marked direction for disassembling.

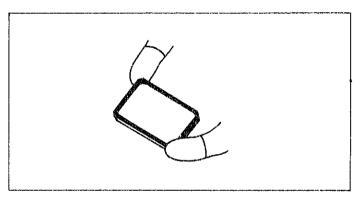


#### 2 Switch spring



#### 3 Liquid crystal panel

Use fingercots to disassemble and reassemble the liquid crystal panel.

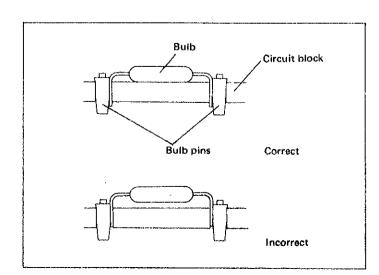


#### (5) Connector

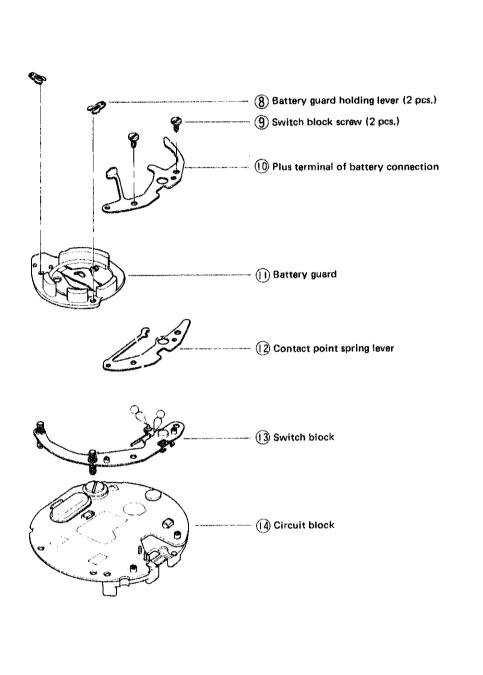
Although two connectors are used, there is no difference between the two. The black portions are conductive. Check to see if there are any scratches or contamination.

#### 7 Bulb

When replacing the bulb, set it so that it touches the circuit block.



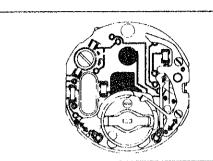
#### 2. Switch mechanism side



## Remarks for disassembling and reassembling

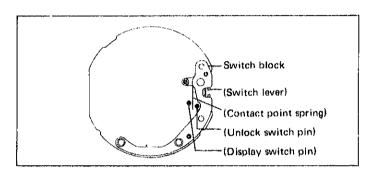
#### 8 Battery guard holding lever

Move the battery guard holding lever in the arrow-marked directions for disassembling and reassembling.



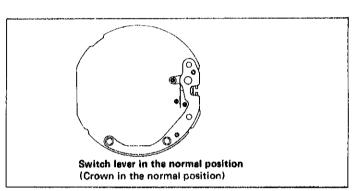
#### (13) Switch block

Reassemble the contact point spring of the switch block in between the two pins (the unlock switch pin and the display switch pin) of the circuit block.

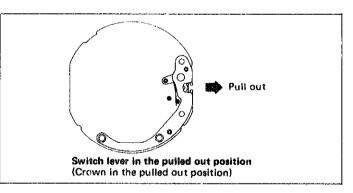


#### Function of the switch block (contact point spring)

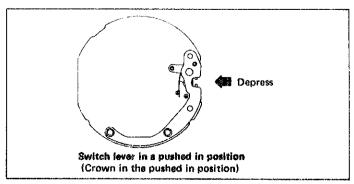
The contact point spring touches neither the unlock switch pin nor the display switch pin.



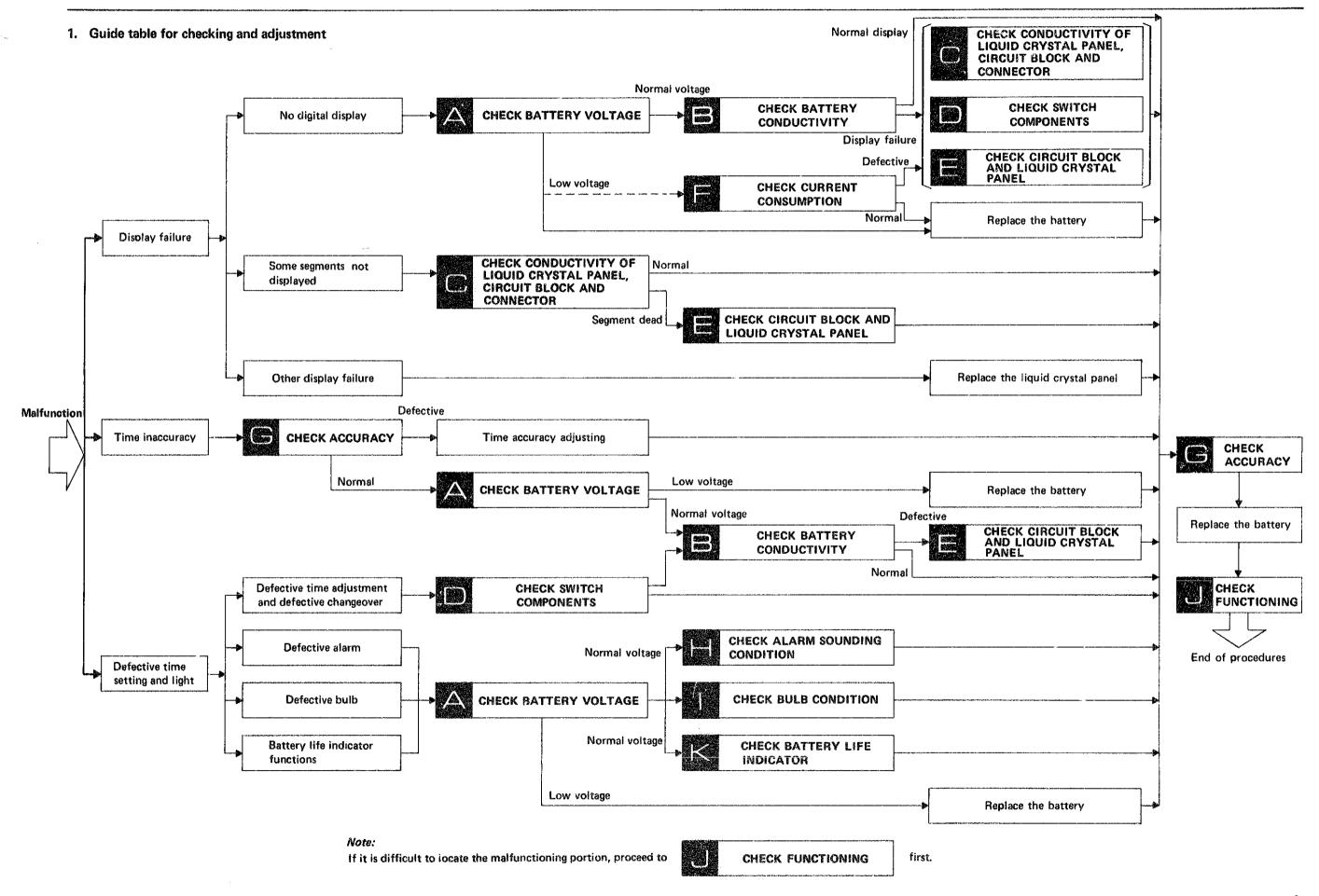
The contact point spring touches the unlock switch pin and this makes it possible for the display to be adjusted. (When the time digits are being displayed, the second digits are ready to be adjusted.)

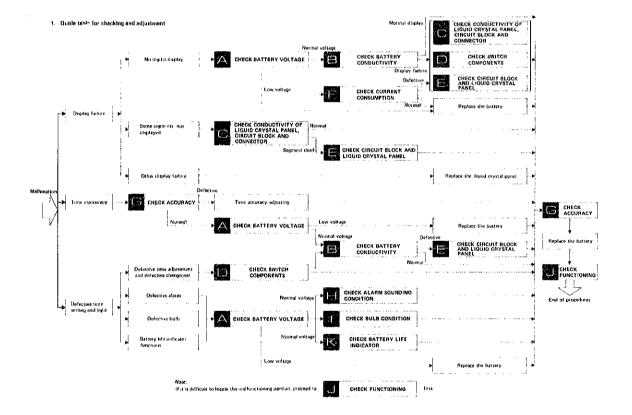


The contact point spring touches the display switch pin and this enables the changeover to and from the time display and the alarm display.



#### IV. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT



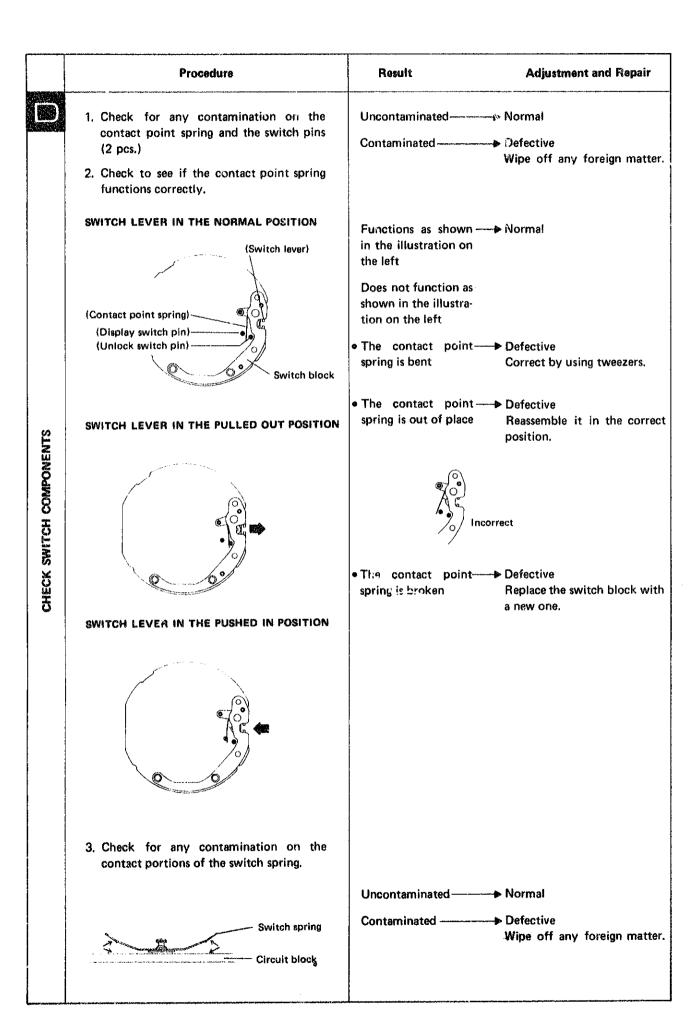


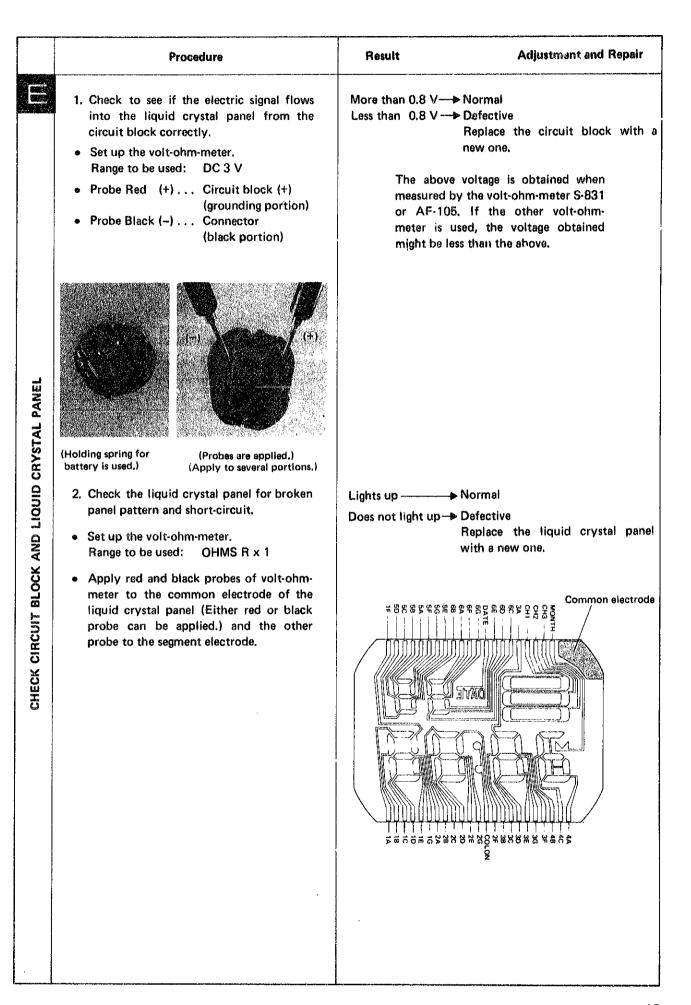
### 2 Procedures for checking and adjustment

	Procedure	Result Adjustment and Repair
BATTERY VOLTAGE	Check battery voltage.	More than 1.5 V ——→ Normal Less than 1.5 V ——→ Defective Replace the battery.
2	<ol> <li>Make sure that the screws are tightened firmly.</li> <li>Check for any contamination on the connecting portions with the battery.</li> </ol>	No loosened screws — Normal Loosened screws — Defective Retighten screws.
CHECK BALLERY CONDUCTIVITY	Battery connection  3. Check to see if there is battery electrolyte leakage.  6. How to repair battery electrolyte leakage  7. Remove the module from the case.  7. Disassemble the module.  8. Clean the parts contaminated with battery electrolyte.  9. Clean the circuit block.  1. Wipe off battery electrolyte on the circuit block with a cloth moistened with distilled water (or normal tap water) first and then with a cloth moistened with alcohol.  1. Note: O Do not use a cloth which gives off lint such as gauze, flannel, etc.  1. Be careful that the trimmer condenser is not exposed to water or alcohol.  2. Dry with a dir by using a dryer.  1. Clean the other parts.  1. Wipe off battery electrolyte on the other parts with a soft brush moistened with distilled water (or normal tap water) and then rinse them with alcohol.  2. Dry with cool air by using a dryer.  3. Check to see if the time setting functions and the current consumption are	Uncontaminated → Normal Contaminated → Defective Wipe off any foreign matter.  Battery electrolyte leakage → Wipe off battery electrolyte by following the repairing procedure.  No battery electrolyte leakage → Normal Battery electrolyte leakage → Defective Replace the connector with a new one.

•

Procedure	Result	Adjustment and Repair
Check for any contamination, crack or tiny break of the connector.	No contamination, crack or tiny break	Normal
•	Contaminated	Defective Wipe off any foreign matter
	Crack or tiny break——▶	Defective Replace the connector with a new one.
.*		
2. Check for any contamination and glass defect of the liquid crystal panel elec-	No contamination or glass defect	Normal
trode.	Contaminated	Defective Wipe off any foreign matter
Liquid crystal panel electrode  Glass defect	Glass defect ———	Replace tithe liquid crysta panel with a new one.
3. Check for any contamination on the	Uncontaminated	Normal
circuit block electrode.	Contaminated	Defective Wipe off any foreign matter
Circuit block electrode		





	Procedure	Result	Adjustment and Repair
CHECK CURRENT CONSUMPTION	Probe Red (+) Battery connection Probe Black (-) Battery surface (-)	Less than 2.5 μA ——▶ More than 2.5 μA ——▶	
CHECK ACCURACY (1)	Check gain and loss of time.	No gain or loss——▶ No Gain or loss———▶ De Pr	
	<ul> <li>When the alarm does not sound.</li> <li>1. Check for any contamination or bent of the lead terminal of the speaker block.</li> <li>2. Check for any broken coil wire or short-circuit of the speaker block.</li> </ul>	Uncontaminated and not bent ————————————————————————————————————	
CHECK ALARM SOUNDING CONDITION	Set up the volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: OHMS R x 1  Apply red and black probes of the volt-ohm-meter to the speaker frame and the lead terminal of the speaker block. (Either red or black probe will do.)  • When the alarm sound is not clear	70Ω ~ 90Ω ———————————————————————————————————	→ Normal  → Defective Replace the speaker block with a new one.
CHE	3. Check for any contamination or bent of the sound diaphragm.  Contamination  (See "Remarks for disessembling and reassembling" for the disessembling procedures of the sound diaphragm.)	Uncontaminated and not bent ————————————————————————————————————	

	Procedure	Result	Adjustment and Repair
1.	Set up the volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: OHMS R x 1		
NO	Apply red and black probes of the volt-ohm- meter to the two terminals of the bulb, (Either red or black probe can be applied.)		
CHECK BULB CONDITION		Lights up————————————————————————————————————	
CHECK	Check to see if the changeover and the adjustment of the display can be made correctly by button operation.		
K	1. Set up the Micro Test.		territorio del como como como como como como como com
	Set the voltage at 1.1 V.	Flashes ————	
	Clip Red (+) Case back (or crown) Probe Black (-) Battery connection	Does not flash	Defective Replace the circuit block with a new one.
	2. Set up the Micro Test.		
<u>ق</u>	Set the voltage at 1.5 V.	Does not flash	→ Normal
LIFE INDICAT	Clip Red (+) Case back (or crown) Probe Black (-) Battery connection	Flashes ————	——▶ Defective Replace the circuit block with a new one.
CHECK BATTERY LIFE INDICATOR			
	All procedures of Disassembling, Reassemblin	eg, Checking and Adjust	tment are completed.